REPORT ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(with additional information)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

TABLE OF CONTENTS

<u>Page</u>
Independent Auditors' Report4-5
Management's Discussion and Analysis 6-14
Basic Financial Statements: Government-Wide Financial Statements: Statement of Net Assets
Statement of Activities17
Fund Financial Statements: Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds
Reconciliation of Governmental Fund Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds
Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance to the Statement of Activities
Statement of Net Assets - Proprietary Funds 22-23
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets – Proprietary Funds
Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds
Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets28
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
Required Supplemental Information:
Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – General Fund
Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances — Budget and Actual – Major Street56
Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – Local Street
Other Supplemental Information:
Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds59



ANDERSON, TACKMAN & COMPANY, P.L.C. GERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

CITY OF IRON MOUNTAIN

TABLE OF CONTENTS (Continued)

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Schedules of Revenues and Expenditures- Budget and Actual:
Tax Increment Financing Authority62
T.I.F.A. Debt Retirement
Capital Improvement Fund
Downtown Development Authority
Water Capital Improvement Fund
Water Utility Fund67
Sewer Fund
Motor Vehicle and Equipment Fund69
Other Reports:
Report on Compliance and on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards
Schedule of Findings and Responses





ANDERSON, TACKMAN & COMPANY, P.L.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

. USegional Firm with Offices in Michigan and Wisconsin

Principals - Iron Mountain: David J. Johnson, CPA Shane M. Ellison, CPA

Member of:
Private Companies Practice Section
American Institute of Certifled
Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Members of the City Council City of Iron Mountain Iron Mountain, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Iron Mountain ("City"), Michigan, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2008, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Iron Mountain, Michigan, as of June 30, 2008, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 4, 2008, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis and the required supplemental information identified in the table of contents are not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the supplemental information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedules of revenues and expenditures – budget and actual, included as "other supplemental information", are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedules of revenues and expenditures – budget and actual, included as "other supplemental information", have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

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ANDERSON, TACKMAN & COMPANY, PLC Certified Public Accountants

Iron Mountain, Michigan December 4, 2008

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)

Our discussion and analysis of the City of Iron Mountain's financial performance provides an overview of the City's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2008. Please read it in conjunction with the City's financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The City's total net assets increased \$1,280,115 or 3.5%, for the year ended June 30, 2008. The net assets of our governmental activities increased \$572,966 or 2.0% while the net assets of our business type activities (Water Utility and Sewer Funds) increased \$707,149 or 9.0%.
- During the year ended June 30, 2008 the City's governmental revenues exceeded expenditures by \$572,966.
 This compares to an excess of revenues over expenditures of \$1,552,488 for the year ended June 30, 2007.
 The decrease of \$979,522 was primarily the result of a decrease in state and federal grant revenues in the current year compared to the prior year.
- During the year ended June 30, 2008 the City's business-type activities revenues exceeded expenses by \$707,149. This compares to an excess of revenues over expenses of \$719,284 for the year ended June 30, 2007. The decrease of \$12,135 was primarily a result of the following:

Decrease in federal grants and other miscellaneous revenues Increase in charges to customers for water and sewer services Increase in operating expenses Increase in net non-operating expenses Decrease in contributions in aid of construction Decrease in net transfers from Capital Improvement Funds	\$ (79,233) 142,485 76,050 1,044 (2,677)
Total	_(149.814) \$_(12.135)

- The total cost of all of the City's programs was \$8,962,842 for the year ended June 30, 2008 and \$8,787,872 for the year ended June 30, 2007, for an increase of \$174,970 or 2%. The increase, which is not considered a significant amount, can be attributed to normal increases in personnel costs, including retirement payoffs, increased DDA/Main Street fund-raising expenditures, and increased Motor Vehicle and Equipment Fund expenses coupled with decreased interest on long-term debt and Sewer Fund expenses.
- The general fund reported an excess of expenditures over revenues for the year ended June 30, 2008 of \$(72,309), \$91,071 less than the budgeted excess of \$(163,380). The excess of \$(72,309) was 1.5% of general fund revenues of \$4,688,605.

USING THIS REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the City as a whole and present a longer-term view of the City's finances. For governmental activities, these statements report how these services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the City's most significant funds. The remaining statement provides financial information about activities for which the City acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside the government.

Reporting the City as a Whole

One of the most important questions asked about the City's finances is "Is the City as a whole better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities report information about the City as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question... These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. These two statements report the City's net assets and changes in them. You can think of the City's net assets — the difference between assets and liabilities — as one way to measure the City's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net assets are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. You will need to consider other non-financial factors, however, such as changes in the City's property tax base and the condition of the City's roads, to assess the overall financial health of the City.

In the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, we divide the City into two kinds of activities:

- Government activities Most of the City's basic services are reported here including public safety, public
 works, parks and recreation and general administration. Property taxes, franchise fees, state shared revenues,
 and state and federal grants fund most of these activities.
- Business-type activities The City charges a fee to customers to help it cover all or most of the costs of certain services it provides. The City's Water and Sewer Departments are reported here.

Reporting the City's Most Significant Funds

The fund financial statements provide detailed information on the most significant funds – not the City as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law or by bond covenants. However, the City Council establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal requirements for certain taxes, grants, and other money. The City's two kinds of funds – governmental and proprietary – use different accounting methods.

- Government funds Most of the City's services are reported in governmental funds which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted into cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. We describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in a reconciliation which follows the fund financial statements.
- Proprietary funds When the City charges customers for the services it provides whether to outside customers or to other units of the City these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities. In fact, the City's

Enterprise funds (a component of proprietary funds) are the same as the business-type activities we report in the government-wide statements but provide more detail and additional information, such as eash flows, for proprietary funds. We use internal service funds (the other component of proprietary funds) to report activities that provide supplies and services for the City's other programs and activities — such as the City's Equipment Fund.

The City as a Trustee

The City is the trustee, or fiduciary, of tax receipts that are collected for other agencies and held for periodic payment to those agencies. The City's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets. We exclude these funds from the City's other financial statements because the City cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The City is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

The City as a Whole

The City's combined net assets at June 30, 2008 increased \$1,280,115 from June 30, 2007 as shown in Table 1.

Table 1 Net Assets

		nmentai vites	Busines Acti		Tol	-1-
	2008	2007	2008	2007	2008	2007
Current and other assets Other assets	\$ 6,551,420 872,597	\$ 6,836,963	\$ 2,546,497	\$ 2,244,651	\$ 9,097,917 872,597	\$ 9,081,614
Capital assets (net)	<u>24,709.828</u>	<u>25.604.106</u>	10,737,220	10.465,969	35,447,048	36.070.075
Total assets	32,133,845	32,441.069	13,283,717	12,710,620	45.417.562	45,151,689
Long-term debt outstanding	(2,224,493)	(2,852,839)	(4,390,000)	(4,480,000)	(6,614,493)	(7,332,839)
Other liabilities	(339,122)	(590,966)	(295,079)	(339,131)	(634,201)	(930,097)
Total liabilities	(2,563,615)	(3,443,805)	(4.685,079)	(4.819.131)	(7,248,694)	(8,262,936)
Net Assets:						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	22,518,867	22,771,473	6,347,220	5,985,969	28,866,087	28,757,442
Restricted for debt service	1,771,783	1,680,718	•	-	1,771,783	1,680,718
Unrestricted	5,279,580	4.545.073	2.251.418	1.905.520	7,530,998	6.450,593
Total net assets	\$ 29,570,230	\$ 28,997,264	\$ 8,598,638	\$ 7,891,489	\$ 38,168,868	\$ 36,888,753

Net assets of the City's governmental activities stood at \$29,570,230. Unrestricted net assets—the part of net assets that could be used to finance day-to-day activities without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements stood at \$4,406,983.

Net assets of the business-type activities stood at \$8,598,638. Unrestricted net business assets were \$2,251,418. In general, the business-type activities unrestricted net assets should be used to finance operations of our Water and Sewer Funds.

Table 2 outlines changes in the City's net assets.

Table 2 Changes in Net Assets

		nmental	Business-Type		m · ·		
	2008	ivites	Acti			otals	
	2008	2007	2008	2007	<u>2008</u>	2007	
Program revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 642,863	\$ 627,573	\$ 1,671,279	\$ 1,528,794	\$ 2,314,142	\$ 2,156,367	
Operating grants	19,782	85,551	-		19,782	85,551	
Capital grants	179,412	949,625	-	70,200		,	
General revenues:				•			
Property taxes	5,092,562	4,957,223	-	-	5,092,562	4,957,223	
State revenue sharing	1,665,233	1,899,870	•	-	1,665,233	1,899,870	
Unrestricted grants	28,967	41,781	•		28,967	41,781	
Unrestricted investment						11,101	
earnings	362,257	352,849	81,158	83,580	443,415	436,429	
Miscellancous	148,482	96,559	23,460	32,483	171,942	129.042	
						1423714	
Total revenues	8.139.558	9.011.031	1.775.897	1,715,057	9,915,455	10,726,088	
						141,24,040	
Program Expenses:							
General government	1,324,901	1,222,384	-	-	1,324,901	1,222,384	
Public safety	2,437,491	2,330,053			2,437,491	2,330,053	
Parks and recreation	138,150	129,464		-	138,150	129,464	
Cemetery	220,902	165,776	-	_	220,902	165,776	
General public works	3,382,907	3,313,627	-	_	3,382,907	3,313,627	
Interest on long-term debt	154,462	243,023	-	_	154,462	243,023	
Water		-	1,171,809	1,161,403	1,171,809	1,161,403	
Sewer		-	132,220	222,142	132,220	222,142	
					<u></u>	<u>444.276</u>	
Total expenses	7,658,813	7,404,327	1,304,029	1,383,545	8.962.842	8,787,872	
				1144416	0,702.012	<u>0.107.072</u>	
Excess before transfers and							
contributions in aid of							
construction	480,745	1,606,704	471,868	331,512	952,613	1,938,216	
Contributions in aid of			171,000	001,012	752,015	1,730,210	
construction	_	•	310,281	312,958	310,281	312,958	
Transfers	92,221	(54,216)	(75,000)	74,814	17,221	20,598	
					1/4241		
Increase in net assets	572,966	1,552,488	707,149	719,284	1,280,115	2,271,772	
Net assets - beginning	28,997,264	27,444,776	7,891,489	7.172,205	<u>36,888,753</u>	34.616.981	
0 0					<u> </u>	24.010.76[
Nat agente andin-	£ 30.530.330	6 40 000 044	h 0 ess ses		.		
Net assets - ending	\$ 29,570,230	\$ 28,997,264	\$ 8,598,638	\$ 7,891,489	\$ 38,168,868	\$ 36,888,753	

Governmental Activities

Table 3 presents the cost of each of the City's five largest activities — Public Safety, Cemetery, Parks and Recreation, General Public Works, and General Government — as well as each program's net cost (total cost less revenues generated by the activities). The net cost shows the financial burden that each function placed on the taxpayers.

Table 3
Governmental Activities

		Total Cost of Services			Net Co of Servi			-
		2008		2007		2008		2007
Public safety	\$	2,437,491	\$	2,330,053	\$	2,435,923	\$	2,327,691
Cemetery		220,902		212,091		129,952		115,762
Parks and recreations		138,150		129,464		75,317		35,178
General public works		3,382,907		3,267,312		3,108,111		2,233,272
General government		1,324,901	_	1,222,384		912,991		786,652
Totals	<u>\$</u>	7,504,351	\$	7,161,304	\$	6,662,294	\$	5,498,555

Business-type Activities

Revenues for the City's business-type activity totaled \$1,671,279 for fiscal year 2008 and \$1,528,794 for fiscal year 2007. The increase is due to an increase in sewer rates charged customers and a slight increase in water usage by customers.

THE CITY'S FUNDS

At June 30, 2008 the City's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$6,081,865, a decrease of \$(96,346) from \$6,178,211 at June 30, 2007.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the City Council revised the City general fund budget two times. The purpose of these revisions was to recognize major changes in revenue or expenses. The major revisions included:

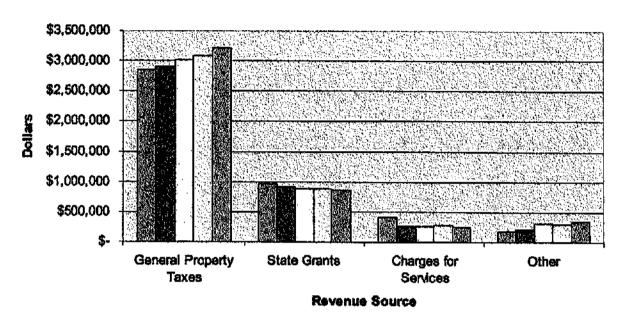
1) A decrease in government revenues of \$68,000 and an increase in government expenditures of \$33,600 resulting in a net budgeted decrease of \$101,600.

Actual charges to expenditures were \$106,608 less than the final budget and revenues were \$15,537 less than the final budget. The net variation to budget was an income of \$91,071.

GENERAL FUND REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES

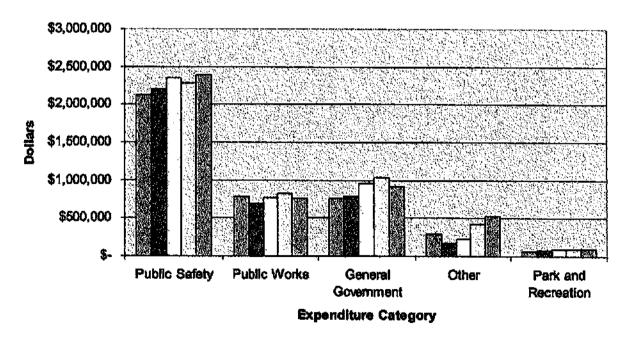
The City's General Fund revenues and expenditures for the years ended June 31, 2004, 2005, 2006, 2007, and 2008 are summarized in the following bar graphs:

General Fund Revenues



四 6/30/2004 및 6/30/2005 □ 6/30/2006 □ 6/30/2007 図 6/30/2008

General Fund Expenditures



2 6/30/2004 € 6/30/2005 □ 6/30/2006 □ 6/30/2007 □ 6/30/2008

GENERAL FUND REVENUES

Overall General Fund revenues increased \$130,608, 2.79% over fiscal 2007. This increase is mainly attributed to an increase in property tax revenue and is the result of an increase in taxable value, as total mills levied during 2007-08 decreased .1358 mills. Fiscal 2007-08 was the first full year cable franchise fees were collected in the amount of \$90,954, which helped offset a decrease in receipts of rental income in the amount of \$13,447 (the result of new tower leases not being finalized and billed), a decrease in interest earnings of \$19,888 (the result of a lower fund balance to invest), a decrease in contributions from TIFA (Tax Increment Finance Authority) in the amount of \$37,287 towards technology purchases, along with a decrease of \$11,770 in Contributions from Local Units, which can be attributed to the Iron Mountain School District not being billed for the time period when the city didn't have a police liaison officer.

Even with this increase in revenues over fiscal 2006-07, revenues have been unable to cover or exceed expenditures, causing a decrease in fund balance of \$72,309. This decrease in fund balance was expected to continue, as higher required contributions to the Health Insurance Fund are to be made, along with overall normal increased costs associated with labor, fringe benefits, materials, and services. It should be noted that State Grants - State Shared Revenue of Sales Tax receipts, decreased slightly in the amount of \$4,881 over 2006-07 but is expected to increase slightly for 2008-09 with a 4% increase granted by the State of Michigan.

GENERAL FUND EXPENDITURES

Overall expenditures of the General Fund decreased by \$105,272 from fiscal 2006-07. Reasons for this decrease can be attributed to reassessment costs being undertaken during 2006-07 but not 2007-08, decreased technology spending, decreased public works and street lighting expenditures, decreased contributions to other funds, along with increases associated with retirement and sick leave payoffs in the Clerk Treasurer and Police Departments, increased fire bonuses, and increased wages and benefits (a full year) in the Planning and Community Development Department.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2008 the City had \$58,738,582 invested in a variety of capital assets including equipment, buildings, parks, roads, and water systems as follows:

Capital Assets at Year-End

		ramental ivities	Business-Type Activities		Ta	rtals
	2008	2007	2008	2007	2008	2007
Land	\$ 2,822,831	\$ 2,822,831	\$ 43,236	\$ 43,236	\$ 2,866,067	\$ 2,866,067
Land improvements	2,094,313	1,857,117		•	2,094,313	1,857,117
Buildings	4,449,234	4,449,234	-	•	4,449,234	4,449,234
Equipment	1,644,405	1,622,954	184,374	182,036	1,828,779	1,804,990
Vehicles	2,277,388	2,275,499	-	,	2,277,388	2,275,499
Infrastructure	32,395,106	32,189,069	12,827,695	12,380,753	45,222,801	44,569,822
Total cost	45,683,277	45,216,704	13,055,305	12,606,025	58,738,582	57,822,729
Less: accumulated						
depreciation	(20,973,449	(19,612,598)	(2,318,085)	(2,140,056)	(23,291,534)	(21,752,654)
NET CAPITAL						
ASSETS	\$ 24,709,828	\$ 25,604,106	\$ 10,737,220	\$ 10,465,969	\$ 35,447,048	\$ 36,070,075

Debt

At the end of fiscal year 2008 City had \$2,190,961 in bonds and notes outstanding as depicted in Table 5 below, a reduction of \$641,672 from the outstanding amount of \$2,832,633 at June 30, 2007.

Table 5
Outstanding Debt at Year-End

		Gover	nme ivitic	
		2008		2007
T.J.F.A. Bonds	\$	1,700,000	\$	2,240,000
Installment loans		490,961	_	592,633
Total	\$	2,190,961	\$	2,832,633

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S FISCAL OUTLOOK

For Fiscal Year 2009 the State of Michigan budgeted a 4% increase in state shared revenues. In previous fiscal years, the State has decreased or held flat revenue sharing to the City. Additionally, as part of the development of the Fiscal Year 2009 budget, the City conducted a comprehensive review of charges for services. Several fees were adjusted to reflect the costs to provide the particular service.

The City's property tax revenue has increased year over year even with a slight decrease in millage. Expenditures have increased at a greater rate than revenue, causing a decrease in fund balance. The City Council has taken action to decrease TIFA's capture of taxes in the TIFA district by \$2,000,000 during Fiscal Year 2009 which would increase the General Fund's property tax revenue by \$1,000,000. This increase in property tax revenue should not only help avoid further fund balance reductions, but will enable the General Fund to increase transfers to the Health Insurance Fund and other funds for paving of streets and capital improvements.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designated to provide our citizens, taxpayers and customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the City Manager's office at Iron Mountain, 501 S. Stephenson Avenue, Iron Mountain, MI 49801, (906) 774-8530.

ANDERSON, TACKMAN & COMPANY, P.L.C.

CITY OF IRON MOUNTAIN

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	Component Unit
ASSETS:				
Current assets:				
Cash and equivalents - unrestricted	\$ 1,881,037	\$ 400,136	\$ 2,281,173	\$ 94,609
Cash and equivalents - restricted	-	479,245	479,245	-
Investments - unrestricted	3,845,304	1,190,062	5,035,3 6 6	285,883
Receivables:				
Taxes	11,535	-	11,535	-
Accounts	580, 9 83	241,000	821,983	7,790
Interest & dividends	37,630	16,141	53 ,77 1	3,849
Due from other funds	30,250	50,142	80,392	-
Inventory	141,834	75,472	217,306	781
Deferred charges	•	91,689	91,689	-
Prepaid expenses	22,847	2,610	25,457	14,800
Total current assets	6,551,420	2,546,497	9,097,917	407,712
Noncurrent assets:				
Land held for resale	872,597	-	872,597	_
Capital assets	45,683,277	13,055,305	58,738,582	5,975,567
Accumulated depreciation	(20,973,449)	(2,318,085)	(23,291,534)	(3,441,851)
Total noncurrent assets	25,582,425	10,737,220	36,319,645	2,533,716
TOTAL ASSETS	32,133,845	13,283,717	45,417,562	2,941,428
LIABILITIES:				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	221,030	31,881	252,911	7,702
Accrued wages	58,106	9,976	68,082	
Accrued other	16,677	71,239	87,916	24,871
Accrued interest	16,579	-	16,579	-
Deferred revenue	11,351	11,767	23,118	516
Due to other funds	273	79,672	79,945	
Due to other governmental units	14,506	33,803	48,309	-
Other liabilities	600	56,741	57,341	-
Compensated absences	26,823	•	26,823	3,175
Bonds payable	560,000	90,000	650,000	•,•.•
Notes payable	77,199		77,199	
Total current liabilities	1,003,144	385,079	1,388,223	36,264

& COMPANY, P.L.C.

CITY OF IRON MOUNTAIN

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	Component Unit
Noncurrent liabilities;				
Compensated absences	6,709	•	6,709	22,961
Bonds payable	1,140,000	4,300,000	5,440,000	±
Notes payable	413,762		413,762	*
Total noncurrent liabilities	1,560,471	4,300,000	5,860,471	22,961
TOTAL LIABILITIES	2,563,615	4,685,079	7,248,694	59,225
NET ASSETS:				
Invested in capital assets,				
net of related debt	22,518,867	6,347,220	28,866,087	2,533,716
Restricted for:				
Debt service	1,771,783		1,771,783	-
Unrestricted	5,279,580	2,251,418	7,530,998	348,487
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$ 29,570,230	\$ 8,598,638	\$ 38,168,868	\$ 2,882,203

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

						Primary Government	=	
EUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	Expenses	Fees, Fines and Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	Component
Governmental Activities: Governmental Activities: Governmental Activities:	\$ 1,324,901	\$ 393,696	\$ 18,214		(912,991)	; ss	\$ (912,991)	5
rubite satety Parks and recreation	2,437,491 138,150	₹ þ	1,568	62,833	(2,435,923)	• •	(2,435,923)	
Cemetery	220,902	90,950	•		(129,952)	1	(129,952)	•
General public works Interest on long-term debt	3,382,907	158,217		116,579	(3,108,111)	• •	(3,108,111)	
Total governmental activities	7,658,813	642,863	19,782	179,412	(6,816,756)		(6,816,756)	
Business-type activities: Water utility Sewer	1,171,809	1,363,288	1 1	# #	۱ ۱	191,479	191,479 175,771	,
Total business-type activities	1,304,029	1,671,279		1	1	367,250	367,250	
Component Unit: Public Housing	656,486	221,671	169,028	107,179	` 	1		(158,608)
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$ 9,619,328	\$ 2,535,813	\$ 188,810	\$ 286,591	\$ (6,816,756)	\$ 367,250	\$ (6,449,506)	\$ (158,608)
	General revenues: Property taxes State revenue sharing	S: Naring			\$ 5,092,562	· ;	\$ 5,092,562	₩.
	Grants and con	Grants and contributions not restricted to specific mograms	ted to specific mos	Tams	78.967	:	58 9C	, 1
	Unrestricted in	Unestricted investment earnings	to ad amounde on man		362.257	81.158	443.415	13.990
	Contributions is	Contributions in aid of construction	-		. *	310,281	310.281	
	Ocher				148,482	23,460	171,942	13,892
	Transfers				92,221	(75,000)	17,231	
	Total general n	Total general revenues and transfers	1 /2		7,389,722	339,899	7,729,621	27,882
•	Changes in net assets	t assets			572,966	707,149	1,280,115	(130,726)
	Net assets, beginning of year	ning of year			28,997,264	7,891,489	36,888,753	3,012,929
	Not accede and of more				***	1		******

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	General	Major Street	Local Street	T.I.F.A. Debt Service
ASSETS:				
Cash and equivalents	\$ 291,139	\$ 130,310	\$ 60,958	\$ 86,236
Investments	299,929	198,623	•	1,672,298
Receivables:				
Taxes	6,230	-	-	-
Accounts	333,101	75,498	32,351	-
Interest & dividends	4,603	908	•	13,226
Due from other funds	23,904	-	425	2,304
Inventory	43,380	•	-	•
Prepaid expenses	16,204	2,902	2,347	-
Land held for resale				
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 1,018,490	\$ 408,241	\$ 96,081	\$ 1,774,064
LIABILITIES:				
Accounts payable	\$ 94,200	\$ 11,410	\$ 19,777	s -
Accrued wages	50,285	1,324	2,528	-
Other accrued expenses	13,997	618	642	
Deferred revenue	_	•	Ţ. <u>-</u>	2,281
Due to other funds	-	60		_,_,
Due to other governmental units	14,506	•		_
Other liabilities	600			_
TOTAL LIABILITIES	173,588	13,412	22,947	2,281
FUND BALANCE AND				
OTHER CREDITS:				
Fund balances:				
Reserved	_	-	_	1,771,783
Unreserved:				-, , ,,,
Designated	62,542	-	_	-
Undesignated	782,360	394,829	73,134	
TOTAL FUND BALANCE AND				
OTHER CREDITS	844,902	394,829	73,134	1,771,783
TOTAL LIABILITIES, FUND				
BALANCE AND OTHER	\$ 1,018,490	\$ 408,241	\$ 96,081	\$ 1,774,064



Tax Increment Financing Authority	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$ 844,512 1,092,978	\$ 428,405 581,476	\$ 1,841,560 3,845,304
4,913 40,809 12,806 1,853	392 62,236 6,087 - - 35	11,535 543,995 37,630 28,486 43,380 21,488
872,597	*	872,597
\$ 2,870,468	\$ 1,078,631	\$ 7,245,975
\$ 25,590 9,070 34,660	\$ 43,475 669 268 - 213 - - 44,625	\$ 194,452 54,806 15,525 11,351 273 14,506 600 291,513
2,835,808	106,174	4,713,765
<u> </u>	927,832	990,374 1,250,323
2,835,808	1,034,006	6,954,462
\$ 2,870,468	\$ 1,078,631	\$ 7,245,975

ANDERSON, TACKMAN & COMPANY, P.L.C. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

CITY OF IRON MOUNTAIN

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

June 30, 2008

Total fund balances for governmental funds

\$ 6,954,462

Total net assets reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets is different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.

23,667,396

An internal service fund is used by the City to charge the cost of equipment usage to individual departments of the City which are not accounted for as an enterprise activity. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of net assets.

1,189,444

Long-term liabilities applicable to the City's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due. All liabilities, both current and long-term, are reported in the statement of net assets.

Accrued interest on long-term debt Bonds payable Notes payable Compensated absences \$ (16,579) (1,700,000) (490,961) ___(33,532) (2,241,072)

Total net assets of governmental activities

\$29.570.230

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

	General	Major Street	Local Street	T.I.F.A. Debt Service
REVENUES:	Goneral	Ivajor Street	Local Street	Dept Service
General property taxes	\$ 3,221,155	\$ -	\$ -	\$ ~
Licenses and permits	105,020	•		•
State grants	870,126	538,429	238,760	_
Federal grants	4,384	131,977	250,700	_
Charges for services	254,936	•		_
Local sources	28,967		_	_
Fines and forfeits	28,116	-	_	_
Interest income	61,467	24,949	2,937	77,288
Rental income	12,730	- 1,5 15 -	2,55,	71,200
Unrealized gain(loss) on investments	(71)	1,463	_	13,779
Other	101,775	5,499	5,845	13,779
,				
TOTAL REVENUES	4,688,605	702,317	247,542	91,067
EXPENDITURES:				
Legislative	14,598	•	-	-
General government	920,326	•	-	-
Public safety	2,388,707	-	-	
Public works	758,429	665,229	428,740	
Parks and recreation	95,518	-	•	-
Other	488,884	14,760	14,760	_
Debt service	27,891	<u> </u>	•	646,802
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	4,694,353	679,989	443,500	646,802
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY)				
OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(5,748)	22,328	(195,958)	(555,735)
OTHER FINANCING		·		
SOURCES (USES):				
Operating transfers in	43,439		185 000	
Operating transfers out	•	(198.000)	175,000	646,800
Operating nansiers out	(110,000)	(175,000)		-
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING				
SOURCES (USES)	(66,561)	(175,000)	175,000	646,800
•	(44)	(11212337	1,3,000	040,000
EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER				
FINANCING SOURCES OVER				
EXPENDITURES AND OTHER				
FINANCING USES	(72,309)	(152,672)	(20,958)	91,065
FUND BALANCE, JULY 1	917,211	547,501	94,092	1,680,718
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30	\$ 844,902	\$ 394,829	\$ 73,134	\$ 1,771,783

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.



Tax Increment Financing Authority	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$ 1,965,619	\$ 37,644	\$ 5,224,418
-	•	105,020
-	49,629	1,696,944
31,432	21,056	188,849
-	-	254,936
-	-	28,967
129,526	41,338	28,116
147,520	41,336	337,505 12,730
26,119	(16,804)	24,486
-	63,837	176,956
2,152,696	196,700	8,078,927
-	_	14,598
	90,961	1,011,287
•		2,388,707
670,986	-	2,523,384
•	68,306	163,824
-	-	518,404
		674,693
670,986	159,267	7,294,897
1,481,710	37,433	784,030
(658,909)	85,000 (14,109)	950,239 (958,018)
(658,909)	70,891	(7,779)
822,801	108,324	776,251
2,013,007	925,682	6,178,211
\$ 2,835,808	\$ 1,034,006	\$ 6,954,462

ANDERSON, TACKMAN & COMPANY, P.L.C.

CITY OF IRON MOUNTAIN

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds

\$ 776,251

The changes in net assets reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities is different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is capitalized and allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay \$832,703 exceeded depreciation expense \$1,490,038.

(657,335)

Undepreciated balance of retired fixed assets.

(100,506)

An internal service fund is used by the City to charge the cost of equipment usage to individual departments of the City which are not accounted for as an enterprise activity. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund is reported with governmental activities.

(78,698)

Bond proceeds are reported as financing sources in governmental funds and thus contribute to the change in fund balance. In the statement of net assets, however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities and does not affect the statement of activities. Similarly, repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds but reduces the liability in the statement of net assets.

Principal repayments:

Bond principal Note principal

540,000

<u>101.672</u>

641,672

Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in governmental funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available financial resources. In the statement of activities, however, which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available. In addition, interest on long-term debt is not recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting until due, rather than as it accrues. This adjustment combines the following net changes:

Compensated absences Accrued interest on bonds

(13,326)

4,908

(8,418)

Changes in net assets of governmental activities

\$ 572,966

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

	Enterprise Funds		
	Water	Sewer	
	Utility	Fund	Total
ASSETS:			
Current assets;			
Cash and equivalents - unrestricted	\$ 198,971	\$ 201,165	\$ 400,136
Cash and equivalents - restricted	479,245	•	479,245
Investments - unrestricted	1,190,062	-	1,190,062
Receivables	253,989	3,152	257,141
Due from other funds	•	50,142	50,142
Inventory	75,472		75,472
Deferred charges	91,689		91,689
Prepaid expenses	2,276	334	2,610
Total current assets	2,291,704	254,793	2,546,497
Noncurrent assets:			
Fixed assets:			
Land	43,236		43,236
Water system in service	12,428,801	-	12,428,801
Sanitary sewer system	,,	398,895	398,895
Vehicles		-	570,075
Equipment	184,373	_	184,373
Less: accumulated depreciation	(2,301,414)	(16,671)	(2,318,085)
Net fixed assets	10,354,996	382,224	10,737,220
TOTAL ASSETS	12,646,700	637,017	13,283,717



Internal Service Fund		
\$	39,477	
	•	
	-	
	36,988	
	1,764	
	98,454	
	* 050	
	1,359	
	178,042	
	-	
	-	
	•	
2	,277,389	
	826,996	
(2	,061,953)	
1	,042,432	
1	,220,474	

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

	Enterprise Funds		
	Water	Sewer	
	Utility	Fund	Total
LIABILITIES:			
Current liabilities (payable from current assets):			
Accounts payable	29,028	2,853	31,881
Accrued wages	9,665	311	9,976
Other accrued expenses	71,159	80	71,239
Deferred revenue	11,767	-	11,767
Due to other funds	79,672	_	79,672
Due to other governmental units	2,386	31,417	33,803
Bonds payable	90,000		90,000
Total current liabilities (payable from current assets)	293,677	34,661	328,338
Current liabilities (payable from restricted assets):			
Customer deposits	56,741	-	56,741
Long-term liabilities:			
Bonds payable	4,300,000		4,300,000
TOTAL LIABILITIES	4,650,418	34,661	4,685,079
NET ASSETS:			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	5,964,996	382,224	6,347,220
Unrestricted	2,031,286	220,132	2,251,418
TOTAL NET ASSETS	<u>\$ 7,996,282</u>	\$ 602,356	\$ 8,598,638



Internal Service Fund
26,578 3,300 1,152
31,030
<u> </u>
31,030
1,042,432 147,012
\$ 1,189,444

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

	Enterprise Funds		
	Water	Sewer	
	Utility	Fund	Total
OPERATING REVENUES:			
Charges for services	\$ 1,363,288	\$ 307,991	\$ 1,671,279
Rental income	•		-
Other	23,049	411	23,460
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	1,386,337	308,402	1,694,739
OPERATING EXPENSES:			
Production	68,023	-	68,023
Distribution	237,674	112,084	349,758
Administration	283,746	-	283,746
Collection	96,002	-	96,002
Depreciation	176,185	9,444	185,629
Personnel	-	-	
Supplies	-	-	-
Other services and charges	97,330	10,692	108,022
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	958,960	132,220	1,091,180
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	427,377	176,182	603,559
NON-OPERATING REVENUES			
(EXPENSES):			
Contributions in aid of construction:			
TIFA	124,471	171,701	296,172
Water capital improvement	14,109	•	14,109
Interest income	87,383	(862)	86,521
Unrealized gain (loss)	(5,363)	-	(5,363)
Deferred charge expense	(3,527)	-	(3,527)
Bond interest expense and fees	(209,322)	-	(209,322)
Debt service			



	inai Titai
	vice
F1	und
\$	-
5	69,993
	17,821
	•
5	87,814
•	
	_
	_
	_
	_
1	44,722
	15,107
4	
	86,551
2	21,363
6	67,743
	(79,929)
	-
	-
	265
	-

(99,034)

Internal

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

		Enterprise Funds	
	Water Utility	Sewer Fund	Total
			- 44/11/2
TOTAL NON-OPERATING			
REVENUES (EXPENSES)	7,751	170,839	178,590
Income (loss) before transfers			
and contributions	435,128	347,021	782,149
OPERATING TRANSFERS:			
Operating transfers in: General Fund			
Operating transfers out:	•	•	-
Water Capital Improvement Fund	(75,000)	<u> </u>	(75,000)
TOTAL TRANSFERS	(75,000)		(75,000)
Change in net assets	360,128	347,021	707,149
NET ASSETS,			
BEGINNING OF YEAR	7,636,154	255,335	7,891,489
NET ASSETS,			
END OF YEAR	\$ 7,996,282	\$ 602,356	\$ 8,598,638



Internal Service Fund
(98,769)
(178,698)
100,000
100,000
(78,698)
1,268,142
\$ 1,189,444

ANDERSON, TACKI & COMPANY, P.L CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNT

CITY OF IRON MOUNTAIN

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

	Water	Enterprise Funds Sewer
	Utility	Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Receipts from operations	\$ 1,343,663	\$ 336,613
Receipts from other operating activities	23,049	46,694
Payments for operating expenses	(451,540)	(103,245)
Payments for wages and related benefits	(419,557)	(54,102)
NET CASH PROVIDED FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	495,615	225,960
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		•
Transfers from other funds		
Transfers to other funds	(75,000)	-
	(73,000)	-
NET CASH (USED) BY PROVIDED FROM NON-CAPITAL		
FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(75,000)	<u>-</u>
CASTI DI ONO PROMOCADITATI AND DEL LEDDE DELLA CONTROLLO	·	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Contributed capital		
Repayment of loan principal	138,580	171,701
Repayment of loan interest	(90,000)	-
Acquisition of fixed assets	(210,516)	(005.006)
requisition of their associ	(251,654)	(205,226)
NET CASH (USED) BY CAPITAL AND		
RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(413,590)	(33,525)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Investment income (expense)	75,655	(862)
Purchase of investment	(494,370)	
NET CASH (USED) BY PROVIDED FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(418,715)	(862)
NET (DECREASE) INCREASE IN CASH AND EQUIVALENTS	(411,690)	191,573
CASH AND EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	1,089,906	9,592
CASH AND EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR	\$ 678,216	\$ 201,165

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Total	Internal Service Fund
\$ 1,680,276 69,743 (554,785) (473,659)	\$ 552,725 16,082 (313,198) (214,438)
721,575	41,171
(75,000)	100,000
(75,000)	100,000
310,281 (90,000) (210,516) (456,880)	(74,357) (24,677) (8,284)
(447,115)	(107,318)
74,793	265
(419,577)	265
(220,117)	34,118
1,099,498	5,359
\$ 879,381	\$ 39,477

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

			Enterprise Funds	
		Water Utility		Sewer Fund
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED FROM (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:		427,377	\$	176,182
Depreciation Changes in assets and liabilities:		176,185		9,444
Decrease (Increase) in receivables Decrease (Increase) in due from other funds Decrease (Increase) in inventory Decrease (Increase) in prepaids Increase (Decrease) in accounts payable Increase (Decrease) in accrued wages Increase (Decrease) in accrued expenses Increase (Decrease) in due to other funds		(9,636) - 6,296 59 (57,787) 653 (2,124) (60,147)		28,622 46,283 - 46 (36,719) (7) (160)
Increase (Decrease) in other liabilities/deposits NET CASH PROVED FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	14,739 495,615	\$	2,269 225,960



 Total	Internal Service Fund				
\$ 603,559	\$	(79,929)			
185,629		144,722			
18,986		(16,539)			
46,283		(1,739)			
6,296		3,189			
105		281			
(94,506)		(9,483)			
646		837			
(2,284)		(168)			
(60,147)					
 17,008		<u> </u>			
\$ 721,575	\$	41,171			

& COMPANY, P.L.C. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

CITY OF IRON MOUNTAIN

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS

	Expendable Trust Fund		Non-Expendable Trust Fund		Pension Trust Fund	
	Health Insurance	Cemetery Perpetual Care		Police and Fire Pension		
ASSETS:						
Cash and equivalents Receivables:	\$ 204,658	\$	44,240	\$	(9,742)	
Trade	13,994		•		-	
Interest and dividends	-		5,673		-	
Investments			415,974	7	,541,435	
TOTAL ASSETS	218,652		465,887	7	,531,693	
LIABILITIES:						
Accounts payable	13,342		-		828	
Due to other funds			447			
TOTAL LIABILITIES	13,342		447		828	
NET ASSETS:						
Held in trust for pension benefits						
and other purposes	\$ 205,310	\$	465,440	\$	7,530,865	

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

	Expendable Trust Fund	Non-Expendable Trust Fund Cemetery	Pension Trust Fund Police and Fire Pension	
	Health Insurance	Perpetual Care		
ADDITIONS:				
Contributions:			İ	
Employer	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 446,870	
Plan members	2,560	•	69,458	
City	421,347	-	-	
Other	172,717	-		
Total contributions	596,624	-	516,328	
Investment earnings:				
Net increase (decrease) in			•	
fair value of assets	921	(2,246)	(818,523)	
Interest	8,007	23,440	112,736	
Dividends	-	•	141,787	
Gain on sale of securities (net of losses)			219,454	
Total investment earnings	8,928	21,194	(344,546)	
Other		6,200	766	
TOTAL ADDITIONS	605,552	27,394	172,548	
DEDUCTIONS:				
Benefits	-	-	644,601	
Retirees health insurance	611,819	•	· -	
Administrative expenses	-	-	89,878	
Other	9,570	•	· .	
Transfers out	-	31,330	15,118	
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	621,389	31,330	749,597	
Change in not assets	(15,837)	(3,936)	(577,049)	
NET ASSETS,				
BEGINNING OF YEAR	221,147	469,376	8,107,914	
NET ASSETS,				
END OF YEAR	\$ 205,310	\$ 465,440	\$ 7,530,865	

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2008

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

THE REPORTING ENTITY

The City of Iron Mountain, Michigan ("City") was incorporated in 1889 under the provisions of the State of Michigan. Pursuant to a Home Rule Charter adopted by public vote on October 22, 1985, the City operates under a Council-Manager form of government and provides the following services to its residents: public safety (police and fire), highway and streets, sanitation, culture-recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning, certain public utilities and general administrative services.

The City, for financial reporting purposes, includes all of the funds and account groups relevant to its operations. The financial statements presented herein do not include agencies which have been formed under applicable state laws or separate distinct units of government apart from the City. The accompanying financial statements present the City's primary government and component units over which the City exercises significant influence. Significant influence or accountability is based primarily on operational or financial relationships with the City (as distinct from legal relationships).

The criteria established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board for determining the various governmental organizations to be included in the reporting entity's financial statements include budget adoption, taxing authority, funding, appointment of the respective governing board and scope of public service.

Based on the foregoing criteria, the financial statements of the City's Downtown Development Authority (D.D.A.) and Tax Increment Financing Authority (T.I.F.A.) are included in the accompanying financial statements.

The Iron Mountain Housing Commission (Commission) is included as a discretely presented component unit of the City. The Commission provides safe and affordable housing for low income and elderly individuals. The Commission was formed under Public Act 18 of 1933 of the State of Michigan and operates under a Board of Commissioners appointed by the City Manager. The Commission issues separately audited financial statements and can be obtained from the Iron Mountain Housing Commission at 401 East "D" Street, Iron Mountain, MI 49801.

Similarly, it has been determined that the financial statements of the following organizations should not be and, accordingly, are not included in the accompanying financial statements: Joint Sewage Authority, Central Landfill Authority, the Economic Development Authority and the School District of the City of Iron Mountain.

The accounting policies of the City conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The following is a summary of such significant policies.

CITY OF IRON MOUNTAIN

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2008 (Continued)

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Government-Wide Financial Statements:

The Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities display information about the City as a whole. They include all funds of the City except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

Fund Financial Statements:

The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures, or expenses, as appropriate. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. The General Fund is always considered a major fund and the remaining funds of the City are considered major if it meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and
- b. Total assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental fund or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

The City reports the following as major governmental funds in accordance with the above criteria:

The General Fund which is described below.

Major Street Fund which is described below.

Local Street Fund which is described below.

T.I.F.A. Debt Service Fund which is described below.

Tax Increment Financing Authority Fund which is described below.

The City reports the following as major enterprise funds in accordance with the above criteria:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2008 (Continued)

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

BASIS OF PRESENTATION (Continued)

The Water Utility Fund which is described below.

The Sewer Fund which is described below.

The funds of the City are described below:

Governmental Funds

General Fund - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than special assessments, expendable trust or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Debt Service Funds - Debt Service Funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.

Capital Project Funds - Capital Project Funds are used to account for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds).

Proprietary Funds

Enterprise Funds - Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations (a) which are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

Internal Service Funds - Internal Service Funds are used to finance, administer, and account for the financing of goods and services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the governmental unit on a cost reimbursement basis.

Fiduciary Funds

Trust and Agency Funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, other governments and other funds. These include expendable and nonexpendable trust, pension trust, and agency funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2008 (Continued)

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement Focus:

On the government-wide Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the economic resource measurement focus as defined in item b, below.

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate:

- a. All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable resources at the end of the period.
- b. The proprietary funds utilize an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net assets, financial position and cash flows. All assets and liabilities, whether current or noncurrent, associated with their activities are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net assets.
- c. Agency funds are not involved in the measurement of results of operations; therefore, measurement focus is not applicable to them.

Basis of Accounting:

In the government-wide Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2008 (Continued)

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING (Continued)

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified basis of accountings, revenues are recognized when "measurable and available". Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Available means collectible within the current period or within sixty days after year end. Expenditures, including capital outlay, are recorded when the related liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt and accrued compensated absences, which are reported when due.

As allowed by GASB Statement No. 20, the City's business-type activities and enterprise funds follow all GASB pronouncements and FASB Statements and Interpretations that were issued on or after November 30, 1989, except those that conflict with a GASB pronouncement.

ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS/FUND BALANCE

- a. <u>Cash and Equivalents</u> The City's cash and cash equivalents as reported in the Statement of Cash Flows and the Statement of Net Assets are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with maturities of three months or less.
- b. Investments Investments are stated at the fair-market value of the underlying securities.
- c. <u>Receivables</u> All receivables are reported at their gross value and, where appropriate, are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectable.
- d. <u>Due to and Due From Other Funds</u> Interfund receivables and payables arise from interfund transactions and are recorded by all funds affected in the period in which transactions are executed.
- e. <u>Inventory</u> Inventories of the City's General, Water Utility, Sewer, and Motor Vehicle and Equipment Replacement Funds consist of supplies of repair and replacement parts maintained for internal consumption. Quantities are determined by a physical count and/or measurement which is then priced using current costs.
- f. <u>Fixed Assets</u> —The accounting and reporting treatment applied to property plant and equipment depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

ANDERSON, TACKMAN & COMPANY, P.L.C. CETTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

CITY OF IRON MOUNTAIN

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2008 (Continued)

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS/FUND BALANCE (Continued)

Government-Wide Statements:

In the government-wide financial statements, fixed assets are accounted for as capital assets. All fixed assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable, except for donated fixed assets which are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation.

Depreciation of all exhaustible fixed assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Assets. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Buildings and improvements 10-40 years
Machinery and equipment 5-20 years
Infrastructure 20-80 years

Fund Financial Statements:

In the fund financial statements, fixed assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Fixed assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same as in the government-wide financial statements.

The City has adopted a capitalization policy for fixed assets of \$1,000 per item.

g. <u>Restricted Assets</u> - These assets are comprised of cash, certificates of deposit and other investments which are restricted for the following items:

Water construction money from bond issuance \$422,504
Cash in checking - an amount equal to utility service customer deposits 56,741

Total \$479.245

h. <u>Long-Term Debt</u> — The accounting treatment of long-term debt depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

All long-term debt to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources are reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term debt consists primarily of bonds payable and notes payable.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2008

(Continued)

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS/FUND BALANCE (Continued)

Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payment of principle and interest reported as expenditures. The accounting for proprietary funds is the same in the fund statements as it is in the government-wide statements.

i. <u>Compensated Absences</u> - It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate a limited amount of earned but unused sick leave, which will be paid to employees upon separation from the City. In governmental funds, the cost of sick leave is recognized when payments are made to employees. In proprietary funds, the cost of vested sick leave is recognized as an expense as earned by the employees.

j. Equity Classification

Government-Wide Statements:

Equity is classified as net assets and displayed in three components:

- Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Consists of capital assets
 including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and
 reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes or other borrowings
 that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those
 assets.
- Restricted net assets Consists of net assets with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions of enabling legislation.
- 3. Unrestricted net assets All other net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

Fund Statements:

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is further classified as reserved and unreserved, with unreserved further split between designated and undesignated, if appropriate. Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2008 (Continued)

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES/EXPENSES

Revenues:

Government-Wide Statements:

In the government-wide Statement of Activities, revenues are segregated by activity (governmental or business-type), and are classified as either a program revenue or a general revenue. Program revenues include charges to customers or applicants for goods or services, operating grants and contributions and capital grants and contributions. General revenues includes all revenues which do not meet the criteria of program revenues and include revenues such as property taxes, State revenue sharing payments and interest earnings.

Fund Statements:

In the governmental fund statements revenues are reported by source, such as federal sources, state sources and taxes. Revenues consist of general purpose revenues and restricted revenues. General purpose revenues are available to fund any activity reported in that fund, while restricted revenues are available for a specific purpose or activity and the restrictions are typically required by law or a grantor agency.

Expenses/Expenditures:

Government-Wide Statements:

In the government-wide Statement of Activities, expenses are segregated by activity (governmental or business-type), and are classified by function.

Fund Statements:

In the governmental fund financial statements expenditures are classified by function.

In the proprietary fund financial statements expenses are classified by operating and nonoperating and are subclassified by function such as salaries, supplies and contracted services.

Operating Revenues and Expenses:

Operating revenues and expenses for proprietary funds are those that result from providing services and producing and delivering goods and/or services. It also includes all revenue and expenses not related to capital and related financing, noncapital financing or investing activities.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2008 (Continued)

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES/EXPENSES (Continued)

Other Financing Sources (Uses):

The transfers of cash between the various City funds are budgeted but reported separately from revenues and expenditures as operating transfers in or (out), unless they represent temporary advances to be repaid, in which case, they are carried as assets and liabilities of the advancing or borrowing funds.

OTHER SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Interfund Activity:

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide statements. Exceptions to this rule are: 1) activities between funds reported as governmental activities and funds reported as business-type activities, and 2) activities between funds that are reported in different functional categories in either the governmental or business-type activities column. Elimination of these activities would distort the direct cost and program revenues for the functions concerned.

In the fund financial statements, transfers represent flows of assets without equivalent flows of assets in return or a requirement for repayment.

Interfund receivables and payables have been eliminated from the Statement of Net Assets, except for the residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting:

The City Council follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- (1) Prior to the first Monday in April, the City Manager submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them for the upcoming year, along with estimates for the current year and actual data for the two preceding years. The City Charter requires that the budget be submitted in summary form. In addition, detailed line item budgets are included for administrative control. The level of control for the detailed budgets is at the functional level.
- (2) Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comment.
- (3) Prior to May 31, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution.
- (4) The City Manager is required by the City Charter to present a quarterly report to the City Council explaining any variance from the approved budget.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2008 (Continued)

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

OTHER SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

- (5) Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General, Special Revenue, Debt Service, Enterprise, Internal Service and Expendable Trust Funds.
- (6) Budgets for those funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). (See Basis of Accounting above).
- (7) The City Charter requires the adoption of a summary budget for proprietary funds.
- (8) Appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.
- (9) The City Council may authorize supplemental appropriations during the year.

The budget for the year ended June 30, 2008 was formally adopted by action of the City Council on May 21, 2007 and was amended on December 3, 2007 and June 16, 2008.

Property Taxes:

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1, and are levied, due and payable as of July 1. All unpaid taxes become delinquent on August 10 of the same year. Property tax revenues are recognized when they become available. Available includes those taxes expected to be collected within sixty days after year end.

RESERVATIONS AND DESIGNATIONS OF FUND BALANCES AND RETAINED EARNINGS

Reservations are used to indicate that a portion of fund balance/retained earnings is not appropriable for expenditure or is legally segregated for a specific future use.

Designations indicate tentative plans or intent for resource utilization in a future period and are thus subject to change and may never be legally authorized or result in expenditure.

USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2008 (Continued)

NOTE B - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and Equivalents

The City's cash and equivalents, as reported in the Statement of Net Assets, consisted of the following:

Petty cash	\$ 1,650
Checking accounts	100,000
Money markets	311
Repurchase sweep checking accounts	<u>2,658,457</u>
mom I	

TOTAL \$2.760.418

Custodial Credit Risk. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned. State law does not require and the City does not have a policy for deposit custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2008, the City's checking accounts were uninsured and uncollateralized in the amount of \$60,415. The repurchase sweep checking accounts were collateralized with U.S. Govt. securities with a fair market value of \$4,834,317 at June 30, 2008.

Investments

The City's investments, as reported in the Statement of Net Assets, consisted of the following:

	(Investment Maturities in Years)						
Investment Type	Fair Value	Less Than I	1-5	6-10	11-15		
Certificates of Deposit	\$ 2,188,622	\$ 701,405	\$1,391,462	\$ 95,755	\$ -		
Term Special Repurchase							
Agreements	200,000	100,000	100,000	-	•		
U.S. Agencies	2,646,744		398,716		2,248,028		
TOTAL	\$ 5,035,366	\$ 801,405	\$1,890,178	\$ 95,755	\$ 2,248,028		

Investments are recorded at fair market value, which is based on quoted market prices.

Michigan statutes authorize the City to invest in bonds, other direct obligations and repurchase agreements of the United States, certificates of deposits, savings accounts, deposit accounts or receipts of a bank which is a member of the FDIC, commercial paper rated at the time pf purchase within the two highest classifications established by not less than two standard rating services and matures within 270 days of date of purchase, bankers' acceptances of United States banks, obligations of the Sate of Michigan and its political subdivisions, external investment pools, and certain mutual funds.

Interest Rate Risk. Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of the City's investments. State law limits the allowable investments as described above. The City does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

ANDERSON, TACKMAN & COMPANY, P.L.C. CERTFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

CITY OF IRON MOUNTAIN

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2008 (Continued)

NOTE B - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Investments (Continued)

Credit Risk. Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other party to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The City has no investment policy limiting its investments in excess of state law on investment credit. Ratings are not required for the City's investments outlined above. The City's investments are in accordance with statutory authority.

NOTE C - RETIREMENT PLANS

Michigan Employee's Retirement System (MERS)

Description of Plan and Plan Assets - The Plan is an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with the Municipal Employees' Retirement System (MERS) of Michigan. The system provides the following provisions: service retirement, deferred retirement and disability retirement to plan members and their beneficiaries. The service requirement is computed using credited service at the time of termination of membership multiplied by the sum of 2.5 percent times the final average compensation (FAC) with a maximum benefit of 80% of FAC. The most recent period of which actuarial data was available was for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2007.

MERS was created under Public Act 135 of 1945, repealed and replaced by successor Municipal Employees Retirement Act of 1984 (PA 427), as last amended by 2004 PA 490, and the MERS Plan Document, as revised. MERS was established to provide a pooled program for retirement, survivor and disability benefits on a voluntary basis to the State of Michigan's local government employees. MERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and requires supplementary information for the system. That report may be obtained by writing to the MERS at 1134 Municipal Way, Lansing, Michigan 48917.

<u>Funding Policy</u> - The obligation to contribute to and maintain the system for these employees was established by the City, which requires employees to contribute 5% of gross wages to the plan. The City is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The contribution rate as a percentage of payroll based upon the valuation at December 31, 2006 was 18.18% for the General Group, 121.39% for the Foreman Group, and 28.16% for the Administrative Group.

Annual Pension Cost - During the fiscal year ended December 31, 2007, the City's contributions totaling \$261,892 and employee contributions of \$53,860 were made in accordance with contribution requirement determined based on the entry age normal funding method. Under the entry age normal cost funding method, the total employer contribution is comprised of the normal cost plus the level annual percentage of payroll payment required to amortize the unfunded actuarial accrued liability over 30 years. The employer normal cost is, for each employee, the level percentage of payroll contribution (from entry age to retirement) required to accumulate sufficient assets at the member's retirement to pay for his projected benefit. Significant actuarial assumptions used include a long-term investment yield rate of 8 percent and annual salary increases of 4.5 percent based on an age-related scale to reflect merit, longevity, and promotional salary increases.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2008 (Continued)

NOTE C - RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	(A/	Actuarial Liability - AL) Entry Age (b)	Underfunded AAL (UAAL) (a-b)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((a-b)/c)
12/31/05	\$ 6,472,445	\$	9,928,725	\$ (3,456,280)	65%	976,618	(354%)
12/31/06	\$ 6,524,193	\$	10,264,987	\$ (3,740,794)	64%	1,096,548	(341%)
12/31/07	\$ 6,653,604	\$	10,203,217	\$ (3,549,613)	65%	1,097,829	(323%)

Three-Year Trend Information

Fiscal Year <u>Ending</u>	Annual Persion <u>Cost (APC)</u>	Percentage of APC Contributed	Net Pension Obligation
12/31/2005	196,120	100%	
12/31/2006	209,817	100%	-
12/31/2007	261,892	100%	-

Police and Fireman's Retirement System

Description of Plan and Plan Assets

In September, 1938 the City voters approved establishing a Police and Firemen's Retirement system pursuant to Act 345 of the Public Acts of 1937, as amended. The retirement system covers all full time employees of the City's public safety department. Benefits are payable to retirees age 60 or older, regardless of their years of service or age 50 with 25 or more years of service.

The City's contribution to the system amounted to \$446,870 for the year ended June 30, 2008 and has been determined to be \$461,252 for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2008.

<u>Funding Policy</u> - The obligation to contribute to and maintain the system for these employees was established by the City, which requires employees to contribute 5% of gross wages to the plan. The City is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The contribution rate as a percentage of payroll at June 30, 2008 was 32.11%.

Annual Pension Cost - During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008, the City's contributions totaling \$446,870 and employee contributions of \$69,458 were made in accordance with contribution requirement determined based on the entry age normal funding method. Under the entry age normal cost funding method, the total employer contribution is comprised of the normal cost plus the level annual percentage of payroll payment required to amortize the unfunded actuarial accrued liability over 30 years. The employer normal cost is, for each employee, the level percentage of payroll contribution (from entry age to retirement) required to accumulate sufficient assets at the member's retirement to pay for his projected benefit.



NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2008 (Continued)

NOTE C - RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Significant actuarial assumptions used include a long-term investment yield rate of 7.5 percent and annual salary increases of 4.5 percent based on an age-related scale to reflect merit, longevity, and promotional salary increases.

Actuarial Valuation Date	 Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Liability - AL) Entry Age (b)	Underfunded AAL (UAAL) (a-b)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((a-b)/c)
06/30/05	\$ 7,411,541	\$ 10,991,998	\$ (3,580,457)	67%	1,237,640	(289%)
06/30/06	\$ 7,473,252	\$ 11,613,299	\$ (4,140,047)	64%	1,365,806	(303%)
06/30/07	\$ 7,849,795	\$ 11,887,134	\$ (4,037,339)	66%	1,363,324	(296%)

Three-Year Trend Information

Fiscal Year <u>Ending</u>	Annual Pension Cost (APC)	Percentage of APC Contributed	Net Pension Obligation
6/30/2005	353,966	100%	_
6/30/2006	391,701	100%	-
6/30/2007	403,482	100%	-

NOTE D - INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS

During the course of normal operations, the City has numerous transactions between funds including expenditures and transfers of resources. Such transactions are generally reflected as transfers in the various funds' financial statements.

In the fund financial statements, individual interfund receivable and payable balances at June 30, 2008 arising from these transactions are as follows:

<u>Fund</u>	Interfund Receivables	<u>Fund</u>	Interfund Payables
General Fund	\$ 23,90	4 Major Street	\$ 60
Local Street	42	5 Nonmajor Governm	ental 213
T.I.F.A. Debt	2,30	4 Water Utility	79,672
T.I.F.A.	1,85	3 Cemetery Trust	447
Motor Vehicle	1,76	4	
Sewer	50,14	<u>2</u>	\$ 80,392
Totals	\$ 80,39	2	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2008 (Continued)

NOTE D - INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS (Continued)

In the statement of net assets, interfund receivables and payables are as follows:

	L r	rterfund		In	nterfund
<u>Fund</u>	<u>Re</u>	ceivable	<u>Fund</u>	Ţ	ayable
General Fund	\$	23,904	Major Street	\$	60
Local Street		425	Nonmajor		
T.I.F.A. Debt		2,304	Governmental		213
T.I.F.A.		1,853	Water Utility		79,672
Motor Vehicle		1,764			
Sewer		50,142	Totals	\$	79,945
Totals	\$	80,392			

In the fund financial statement, interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2008 were as follows:

<u>Fund</u>	<u>Transfers In</u>	<u>Fund</u>	Transfers Out
General	\$ 43,439	General	\$ 110,000
Local Street	175,000	Major Street	175,000
T.I.F.A. Debt	646,800	T.I.F.A.	658,909
Nonmajor		Nonmajor	
Governmental	85,000	Governmental	14,109
Water Utility	14,109	Water Utility	75,000
Motor Vehicle	100,000	Cemetery	31,330
Totals	\$ 1,064,348		\$ 1,064,348

In the statement of activities, interfund transfers are as follows:

<u>Fund</u>	Tra	nsfers In	<u>Fund</u>	Transfers Out
General Fund	\$	31,330	Water Utility	\$ 75,000
Water Capital				
Improvements		60,891		
Totals	\$	92,221		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2008 (Continued)

NOTE E - CAPITAL ASSETS

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

All fixed assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated fixed assets are valued at their estimated fair value on the date donated. Fixed asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2008 was as follows:

	Cost				
	July 1, 2007	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2008	
Land	\$ 2,822,831	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,822,831	
Land Improvements	1,845,436	237,196	-	2,082,632	
Buildings	4,449,234	•	-	4,449,234	
Equipment	1,622,954	21,451	-	1,644,405	
Vehicles	2,275,499	1,889	-	2,277,388	
Sewer system	13,021,323	193,852	(125,166)	13,090,009	
Roads	19,179,427	386,599	(249,248)	19,316,778	
Total Cost	\$ 45,216,704	\$ 840,987	\$ (374,414)	\$45,683,277	
		Accumulated	Depreciation		
		Current			
	July 1, 2007	Depreciation	<u>Deletions</u>	<u>June 30, 2008</u>	
Land Improvements	\$ 310,722	\$ 113,387	\$ -	\$ 424,109	
Buildings	1,619,196	113,295	•	1,732,491	
Equipment	884,251	110,156	-	994,407	
Vehicles	1,522,805	102,213	-	1,625,018	
Sewer system	3,206,546	260,913	(24,660)	3,442,799	
Roads	12,069,078	934,795	(249,248)	12,754,625	
Total Accumulated					
Depreciation	19,612,598	\$ 1,634,759	\$ (273,908)	20,973,449	
Net Assets	\$ 25,604,106			\$24,709,828	
Depreciation expense was	charged to governm	ental activities as	follows:		
Governmental activities:					
General government			\$ 75,104		
Public safety			46,602		
Parks and recreation			41,930		
Cemetery			2,734		
General public works			1,468,389		
Total governmental activit	ies depreciation exp	ėnse	\$ 1,634,759		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2008 (Continued)

NOTE E - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

BUSINESS TYPE ACTIVITIES

	Cost					
	July 1, 2007	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	June 30, 2008		
Land	\$ 43,236	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 43,236		
Equipment	182,036	9,938	(7,600)	184,374		
Water and sewer system	12,380,753	446,942		12,827,695		
Total Cost	\$ 12,606,025	\$ 456,880	\$ (7,600)	\$13,055,305		
	Accumulated Depreciation					
		Current	•			
	<u>July 1, 2007</u>	Depreciation	<u>Deletions</u>	June 30, 2008		
Equipment	\$ 107,225	\$ 6,582	\$ (7,600)	\$ 106,207		
Water and sewer system	2,032,832	179,046		2,211,878		
Total Accumulated						
Depreciation	2,140,057	\$ 185,628	\$ (7,600)	2,318,085		
Net Assets	\$ 10,465,968			\$10,737,220		

Depreciation charged to expense was \$185,628 for the year ended June 30, 2008.

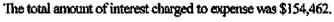
NOTE F - LONG-TERM DEBT

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2008:

		Balance						Balance		amounts te Within
Type of Debt	J	uly 1, 2007	_Ac	dditions	D	eductions	Ju	ne 30, 2008		ne Year
1993 T.I.F.A. Bonds	\$	2,240,000	\$	•	\$	(540,000)	\$	1,700,000	\$	560,000
2002 Installment Note		244,536		-		(19,621)		224,915		20,380
2005 Installlment Note		75,331		-		(8,746)		66,585		8,929
2006 Installment Note		122,366		-		(20,451)		101,915		21,224
2007 Installment Note		25,100		-		(12,297)		12,803		12,803
2007 Installment Note		97,985		•		(13,242)		84,743		13,863
I/T Capital Lease		27,315		-		(27,315)		-		-
Vested compensated										
absences		20,206		13,326		-	-	33,532	 -	26,823
Total long-term debt	<u>\$</u> _	2,852,839	\$	13,326	\$	(641,672)	<u>\$</u>	2,224,493	<u>\$</u>	664,022





ANDERSON, TACKMAN & COMPANY, P.L.C. CENTIFED MALIC ACCOUNTANTS

CITY OF IRON MOUNTAIN

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2008 (Continued)

NOTE F - LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

Type of Debt

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES

Amounts

Balance Balance Due Within

July 1, 2007 Additions Deductions June 30, 2008 One Year

2004 Bonds Payable \$4,480,000 \$ _ - \$(90,000) \$4,390,000 \$90,000

The total amount of interest charged to expense was \$208,922.

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

Debt service requirements on long-term debt at June 30, 2008 are as follows:

	Notes Pay	yable and			
For the Year	Capital Lease		Bonds P	ayable	
Ending June 30	Principal	<u>Interest</u>	Principal Principal	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2009	\$ 77,199	\$ 21,834	\$ 560,000	\$ 79,300	\$ 738,333
2010	67,253	18,586	565,000	51,300	702,139
2011	70,235	15,605	575,000	25,875	686,715
2012	73,330	12,510	-	-	85,840
2013	64,197	9,233	-	-	73,430
2014-2018	138,747	15,717	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	154,464
Total	\$ 490,961	\$ 93,485	\$1,700,000	\$156,475	\$2,440,921

It is estimated that vested compensated absences will mature as follows:

 Year ending June 30, 2009
 \$26,823

 Subsequent periods
 6,709

Total \$33.532

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2008

(Continued)

NOTE F - LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES

Debt service requirements on long-term debt at June 30, 2008 are as follows:

For the Year			Bos	nds Payable	
Ending June 30	P	rincipal		<u>Interest</u>	Total
2009	\$	90,000	\$	206,515	\$ 296,515
2010		95,000		202,915	297,915
2011		100,000		199,115	299,115
2012		100,000		195,115	295,115
2013		105,000		191,115	296,115
2014-2018		600,000		887,375	1,487,375
2019-2023		760,000		741,800	1,501,800
2024-2028		975,000		542,063	1,517,063
2028-2033		1,270,000		270,500	1,540,500
2034		295,000	_	14,750	 309,750
Total	\$	4,390,000	<u>\$</u>	3,451,263	\$ 7,841,263

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

As of June 30, 2008, the governmental activities long-term debt consisted of the following:

1993 Bonds Payable

1993 Tax Increment Bonds originally totaling \$5,715,000 (denomination \$5,000 each) dated February 1, 1993 mature annually on May 1 through 2011. Interest is paid semi-annually on November 1, and May 1 of each year at the stated coupon rate as reflected below.

The bonds were issued by the Tax Increment Finance Authority of the City of Iron Mountain for the purpose of financing the following capital projects:

The project included separation of storm sewer from sanitary sewer and placement of approximately 25,000 lineal feet of new trunk line storm sewer, storm sewer leads, manholes, catch basins and related appurtenances within the Tax Increment Finance Authority City (TIFA City) and adjacent tributary areas to correct flooding problems within the TIFA City. Also included was improvement to Mud Lake (East) for detention of storm water and selected water main and other sanitary sewer improvements.



ANDERSON, TACKMAN & COMPANY, P.L.C. CERTIFED FUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

CITY OF IRON MOUNTAIN

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2008 (Continued)

NOTE F - LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

The bonds and interest thereon are payable primarily from the property tax revenues of the Tax Increment Finance Authority. As additional security for the payment of bond principal and interest, the City has pledged its full faith and credit. Hence, these bonds are said to be limited tax general obligation bonds.

Bonds or portions of bonds in multiples of \$5,000 of this issue maturing in the years 2002 to 2011, inclusive, are subject to redemption, at the option of the Authority in such order of maturity as determined by the Authority and by lot, on any interest payment date on or after May 1, 2001 at par and accrued interest to date fixed for redemption plus a premium expressed as a percentage of par as follows:

1% of the principal amount of each Bond or portion thereof called for redemption on or after May 1, 2003 but prior to May 1, 2008;

No premium shall be paid on Bonds or portions thereof called for redemption on or after May 1, 2008.

Notes Payable

- 5.06% loan payable \$15,872 semi-annually including interest and secured by truck equipment. The loan was in the original amount of \$329,251 and it matures in 2017. The loan balance at June 30, 2008 was \$224,915.
- 4.10% loan payable \$5,898 semi-annually plus interest and secured by truck equipment. The loan was in the original amount of \$96,000 and it matures in the year 2014. The loan balance at June 30, 2008 was \$66.585.
- 3.69% loan payable \$12,395 semi-annually including interest and is secured by truck equipment. The loan was in the original amount of \$151,700 and it matures in 2012. The loan balance at June 30, 2008 was \$101,915.
- 4.0% loan payable \$6,597 semi-annually including interest and is secured by a vehicle. The loan was in the original amount of \$25,100 and it matures in 2009. The loan balance at June 30, 2008 was \$12,803.
- 4.49% loan payable \$8,754 semi-annually including interest and is secured by truck equipment. The loan was in the original amount of \$104,400 and it matures in 2013. The loan balance at June 30, 2008 was \$84,743.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2008 (Continued)

NOTE F - LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

Capital Lease

4.534% capital lease payable \$2,324 monthly including interest and secured by computer hardware and software. The capital lease, in the original amount of \$78,094, which included \$58,094 for hardware and software and \$20,000 for training, matures in 2008. The hardware and software cost of \$58,094 is included in equipment under Governmental Activities and had accumulated depreciation of \$34,857 at June 30, 2008. The capital lease was paid off as of June 30, 2008.

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES 2004 Bonds Payable

Series 2004 Limited Tax General Obligation Bonds originally totaling \$4,800,000 (denomination \$5,000 each) dated August 1, 2004 mature annually on March 1 through 2034. Interest is paid semi-annually on September 1 and March 1 of each year at the stated coupon rate as reflected below.

The bonds were issued by the City of Iron Mountain for the purpose of paying part of the cost of acquiring, constructing, furnishing and equipping certain capital improvement items consisting of water system improvements together with all appurtenances, attachments and related facilities.

The bonds and interest thereon are payable primarily from fees charged to customers of the water utility system. The City, however, as additional security for the payment of bond principal and interest, has pledged it's full faith and credit accordingly, the bonds are said to be limited tax general obligation bonds.

The bonds maturing on or prior to March 1, 2013 shall not be subject to redemption prior to maturity. Bonds maturing on or after March 1, 2014 shall be subject to redemption prior to maturity at the option of the City, in such order as shall be determined by the City, on any one or more interest payment dates on or after March 1, 2013. Bonds of a denomination greater than \$5,000 may be partially redeemed in the amount of \$5,000 or any integral multiple thereof. If less than all of the bonds maturing in any year are to be redeemed, the bonds or portions of bonds to be redeemed shall be selected by lot. The redemption price shall be the par value of the bonds or portion of the bonds called to be redeemed plus interest to the date fixed for redemption.

NOTE G - COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Pursuant to the requirements of Financial Accounting Standards Board Statement 43, the City accrues a liability for compensated absences.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2008 (Continued)

NOTE G - COMPENSATED ABSENCES (Continued)

For governmental funds the liability for compensated absences is recorded in the general long-term debt account group since it is anticipated that none of the liability will be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. The liability for compensated absences is recorded in proprietary fund types (Enterprise and Internal Service Funds) as accrued liabilities in accordance with FASB Statement 43.

Specifically, the various contracts and agreements covering the City's personnel allow for the vesting and/or accumulation of sick leave as follows:

	<u>Accumulated</u>	Vested
Firemen	\$101,890	\$ -
Police	156,342	26,823
City Hali Office	68,513	-
Other City Employees	199,249	<u>6,709</u>
TOTALS	\$ <u>525.994</u>	\$ <u>33.532</u>

NOTE H - TAX INCREMENT FINANCING AUTHORITY

Pursuant to applicable Michigan statutes the Iron Mountain City Council passed a resolution on May 20, 1985 creating a Tax Increment Financing Authority City which covers an area of approximately 1,300 acres along the highway U.S. 2 corridor from the south to the north city limits. Its purpose is to generate revenue (as discussed below) and to expend such amounts within the City for improvements to streets, curbs, sidewalks, and sewers.

The Authority's intended source of funding is property taxes levied within the City but only to the extent that such taxes are generated as a result of an increase in the total state equalized value since the established property evaluation base date of January 1, 1985. Accordingly, the Authority's first revenues received were from the July and December, 1985, tax billings.

NOTE I - WATER AND SEWER AGREEMENTS

The City has a long-term agreement with the Iron Mountain-Kingsford Joint Sewage Authority for sewage treatment. The agreement is established by ordinance (Chapter 3 Article 2) which provides for sewer rates, minimum monthly charges and a collection fee to be retained by the City for billing services provided. These rates can be adjusted periodically through ordinance amendments.

NOTE J - POST EMPLOYMENT HEALTH INSURANCE BENEFITS

In addition to providing pension benefits, the City provides health insurance benefits for it's retired employees. Substantially all of it's employees may become eligible for those benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the City. The cost of retiree's health care insurance is recognized as an expenditure as insurance premiums are paid. For fiscal 2008, the cost was \$265,022 for Police and Fire Retirees and \$346,797 for other retirees. The employees contributions amounted to \$2,560.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2008 (Continued)

NOTE K - RISK MANAGEMENT

The City of Iron Mountain is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City of Iron Mountain maintains commercial insurance coverage covering each of those risks of loss. Management believes such coverage is sufficient to preclude any significant uninsured losses to the City. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE L – RESERVED AND DESIGNATED FUND BALANCES AND OTHER EQUITY

The City has reserved and designated fund balances or retained earnings at June 30, 2008 as follows:

General Fund:

1. An amount equal to inventory, a nonappropriable asset.	\$43,380
2. Funds earmarked for a police liaison officer.	7,256
 An amount equal to delinquent property taxes receivable. These delinquent taxes, if collectible, are not expected to be substantially collected within one year. 	6,230
4. Fire safety house	5,676
TOTAL	\$62.542

Debt Service Funds:

1991/1993 T.I.F.A. Bonds - Reserved Fund Balance - \$1,771,783; an amount to be used for future servicing of general obligation debt.

Capital Improvement Fund:

Designated Fund Balance - \$262,059; an amount equal to the fund's equity intended for future budgeted capital projects pursuant to a ten year plan.

Water Capital Improvement Fund:

Designated Fund Balance - \$665,773; an amount equal to the fund's equity intended for future budgeted water system construction projects.

Water Utility Fund:

Designated Retained Earnings - \$7,996,282; an amount retained for future operations and capital expenditures.

Sewer Fund:

Designated Retained Earnings - \$602,356; an amount retained for future operations and capital expenditures.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2008 (Continued)

NOTE L - RESERVED AND DESIGNATED FUND BALANCES AND OTHER EQUITY (Continued)

Motor Vehicle Fund:

Designated Retained Earnings - \$1,189,444 an amount retained for future operations and capital expenditures.

Cemetery Perpetual Care Trust Fund:

Reserved Fund Balance - \$465,440; non-expendable accumulated proceeds of cemetery perpetual care leases sold.

Retirees' Health Insurance Fund:

Reserved Fund Balance - \$205,310, an amount which will be used to pay retirees health insurance premiums.

Police and Firemen's Pension Trust Fund:

Reserved Fund Balance - \$7,530,865; legally restricted for payments to retirees or active participants (upon withdrawal).

Additionally, the fund balances of the Tax Increment Financing Authority, \$1,963,211; and the Downtown Development Authority, \$106,174 as presented herein are reflected as being reserved as they represent amounts which have been restricted for use in budgeted capital projects.

NOTE M - EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

Public Act 621 of 1978, as amended, provides that a City shall not incur expenditures in excess of amounts appropriated. The City budgeted expenditures on a functional basis.

During the year ended June 30, 2008, the City did not incur expenditures which were in excess of the amounts appropriated.

NOTE N - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The market value of the investments in the Police and Fire Pension Fund was \$6,242,233 at October 31, 2008 compared to \$7,541,435 at June 30, 2008, which was a 17% decrease.



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

CITY OF IRON MOUNTAIN

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

i di tile	Tour Endouration	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
	Dudestad	Amounts	Actual (Budgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget Favorable	
	Budgeted Amounts Original Final		(Note A)	(Unfavorable)	
	Original	Litidi	(Note A)	(Ontavorable)	
REVENUES:					
General property taxes	\$ 3,228,640	\$ 3,231,640	\$ 3,221,155	\$ (10,485)	
Licenses and permits	122,600	103,600	105,020	1,420	
State grants	872,000	872,000	870,126	(1,874)	
Federal grants	7,000	1,500	4,384	2,884	
Charges for services	264,300	250,300	254,936	4,636	
Local sources	45,500	35,500	28,967	(6,533)	
Fines and forfelts	20,000	26,500	28,116	1,616	
Interest income	50,500	54,500	61,467	6,967	
Rental income	40,000	25,000	12,730	(12,270)	
Other	116,543	100,543	101,704	1,161	
TOTAL REVENUES	4,767,083	4,701,083	4,688,605	(12,478)	
EXPENDITURES:					
Legislative	18,370	18,370	14,598	3,772	
General government	945,786	925,786	920,326	5,460	
Public safety	2,410,177	2,443,177	2,388,707	54,470	
Public works	813,980	797,080	758,429	38,651	
Park and recreation	93,010	100,010	95,518	4,492	
Debt service	27,892	27,892	27,891	1	
Other	455,357	488,957	488,884	73	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	4,764,572	4,801,272	4,694,353	106,919	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF					
REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	2 611	(100.100)	/5 7/40\	04.441	
REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	2,511	(100,189)	(5,748)	94,441	
OTHER FINANCING					
SOURCES (USES):					
Operating transfers in	45,709	45,709	43,439	(2,270)	
Operating transfers out	(110,000)	(110,000)	(110,000)	<u>-</u> _	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING					
SOURCES (USES)	(64,291)	(64,291)	(66,561)	(2,270)	
EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER					
FINANCING SOURCES OVER					
EXPENDITURES AND OTHER					
FINANCING USES	(61,780)	(164,480)	(72,309)	92,171	
FUND BALANCE, JULY 1	917,211	917,211	917,211	-	
PROBLEM TO A EL ANDOOR OF THE PROPERTY OF					
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30	\$ 855,431	\$ 752,731	\$ 844,902	\$ 92,171	

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL MAJOR STREET

				Variance with
	Budgeted	Amaunte		Final Budget Favorable
	Original	Final	Actual	(Unfavorable)
				
REVENUES:				
State grants	\$ 535,000	\$ 667,000	\$ 538,429	\$ (128,571)
Federal grants	-	•	131,977	131,977
Interest income	23,600	23,600	24,949	1,349
Other	1,000	1,000	6,962	5,962
TOTAL REVENUES	559,600	691,600	702,317	10,717
EXPENDITURES:				
Public works	488,690	683,690	665,229	18,461
Other	14,760	14,760	14,760	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	503,450	698,450	679,989	18,461
WYONG OPHIOTES OF OR				-
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF	# C 1# O	(
REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	56,150	(6,850)	22,328	29,178
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Operating transfers out	(175,000)	(175,000)	(175,000)	
EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER				
FINANCING USES	(118,850)	(181,850)	(152,672)	29,178
a arte artically works	(110,000)	(101,000)	(132,072)	27,110
FUND BALANCE, JULY 1	547,501	547,501	547,501	
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30	\$ 428,651	\$ 365,651	\$ 394,829	\$ 29,178

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL LOCAL STREET

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget Favorable
	<u>Original</u>	Final	Actual	(Unfavorable)
REVENUES:				
State grants	\$ 226,700	\$ 226,700	\$ 238,760	\$ 12,060
Interest income	5,000	5,000	2,937	(2,063)
Other	500	500	5,845	5,345
TOTAL REVENUES	232,200	232,200	247,542	15,342
EXPENDITURES:				
Public works	447,775	447,775	428,740	19,035
Other	14,760	14,760	14,760	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	462,535	462,535	443,500	19,035
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF				
REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(230,335)	(230,335)	(195,958)	34,377
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Operating transfers in	175,000	175,000	175,000	
EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER				
	(55 225)	(55,335)	(20,958)	34,377
FINANCING USES	(55,335)	(33,333)	(20,936)	34,377
FUND BALANCE, JULY 1	94,092	94,092	94,092	
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30	\$ 38,757	\$ 38,757	\$ 73,134	\$ 34,377



<u>OTHER</u> SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

CITY OF IRON MOUNTAIN

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2008

A CONTROL	Capital provement		Water Capital provement	De	owntown velopment outhority		al Nonmajor vernmental Funds
ASSETS: Cash and equivalents	\$ 141004	\$	170 200	da .	100.014	di.	400 405
Investments	\$ 141,984 98,491	2	177,507 482,985	\$	108,914	\$	428,405
Receivables:	70,471		404,703		•		581,476
Taxes	_		_		392		392
Accounts	54,319		-		7,917		62,236
Interest & dividends	421		5,666		1,211		6,087
Prepaid expenses	 				35		35
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 295,215	\$	666,158	\$	117,258	\$	1,078,631
LIABILITIES:							
Accounts payable	\$ 33,156	\$	385	\$	9,934	\$	43,475
Accrued wages	•		-		669		669
Other accrued expenses	•		-		268		268
Due to other funds	 				213		213
TOTAL LIABILITIES	 33,156		385		11,084		44,625
FUND BALANCE AND							
OTHER CREDITS:							
Fund balances:							•
Reserved	•		-		106,174		106,174
Unreserved:							
Designated	 262,059		665,773				927,832
TOTAL FUND BALANCE AND							
OTHER CREDITS	 262,059		665,773		106,174		1,034,006
TOTAL LIABILITIES, FUND							
BALANCE AND OTHER	\$ 295,215	\$	666,158	\$	117,258	\$	1,078,631

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	Capital Improvement	•		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
REVENUES:		_		
General property taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 37,644	\$ 37,644
State grants	49,629	•	-	49,629
Federal grants	13,204	•	7,852	21,056
Interest income	9,575	27,982	3,781	41,338
Other	(1,509)	(15,295)	63,837	47,033
TOTAL REVENUES	70,899	12,687	113,114	196,700
EXPENDITURES:				
General government	-	-	90,961	90,961
Parks and recreation	68,306			68,306
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	68,306		90,961	159,267
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY)				
OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	2,593	12,687	22,153	37,433
OTHER FINANCING				
SOURCES (USES):				11
Operating transfers in	-	75,000	10,000	85,000
Operating transfers out		(14,109)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(14,109)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING				ŀ
SOURCES (USES)		60,891	10,000	70,891
EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER				
	2 502	72 570	20.152	100.304
FINANCING USES	2,593	73,578	32,153	108,324
FUND BALANCE, JULY 1	259,466	592,195	74,021	925,682
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30	\$ 262,059	\$ 665,773	\$ 106,174	\$ 1,034,006



SCHEDULES OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES BUDGET AND ACTUAL

ANDERSON, TACKMAN R & COMPANY, P.L.C. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

CITY OF IRON MOUNTAIN

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL TAX INCREMENT FINANCING AUTHORITY

	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
REVENUES:			
General property taxes	\$ 2,175,000	\$ 1,965,619	\$ (209,381)
Federal grants	-	31,432	31,432
Interest income	75,000	129,526	54,526
Other	<u> </u>	26,119	26,119
TOTAL REVENUES	2,250,000	2,152,696	(97,304)
EXPENDITURES:			
Public works	2,083,500	670,986	1,412,514
EXCESS OF REVENUES			
OVER EXPENDITURES	166,500	1,481,710	1,315,210
OTHER FINANCING			
SOURCES (USES):			
Operating transfers out	(754,952)	(658,909)	96,043
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES			
AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES			
OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER	# /FAR 4551		A
FINANCING USES	\$ (588,452)	\$ 822,801	\$ 1,411,253

CITY OF IRON MOUNTAIN

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL T.I.F.A DEBT RETIREMENT

	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
REVENUES: Interest income Other	\$ 69,100	\$ 77,288 13,779	\$ 8,188 13,779
TOTAL REVENUES	69,100	91,067	21,967
EXPENDITURES: Debt service	646,800	646,802	(2)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(577,700)	(555,735)	21,965
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Operating transfers in	646,800	646,800	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES	\$ 69,100	\$ 91,065	\$ 21,965

ANDERSON, TACKMAN COMPANY, P.L.C. CERRIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

CITY OF IRON MOUNTAIN

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT FUND

	<u></u>	Budget		Actual	Fa	ariance vorable favorable)
REVENUES:						
State grants	\$	49,500	\$	49,629	\$	129
Federal grants		13,204		13,204		-
Interest income		13,000		9,575		(3,425)
Other				(1,509)		(1,509)
TOTAL REVENUES		75,704		70,899		(4,805)
EXPENDITURES:						
Park and recreation		96,000		68,306		27,694
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	<u>\$</u>	(20,296)	\$_	2,593	\$	22,889

ANDERSON, TACKMAN & COMPANY, P.L.C. cernicis Public accountants

CITY OF IRON MOUNTAIN

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL DOWNTOWN DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY

	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	
REVENUES:				
General property taxes	\$ 37,861	\$ 37,644	\$ (217)	
Federal grants	4	7,852	7,852	
Interest income	1,000	3,781	2,781	
Other	15,000	63,837	48,837	
TOTAL REVENUES	53,861	113,114	59,253	
EXPENDITURES:				
General government	107,850	90,961	16,889	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF				
REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(53,989)	22,153	76,142	
OTHER FINANCING				
SOURCES (USES):				
Operating transfers in	20,000	10,000	(10,000)	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES				
OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER				
FINANCING USES	\$ (33,989)	\$ 32,153	\$ 66,142	

CITY OF IRON MOUNTAIN

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL WATER CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT FUND

	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	
REVENUES: Interest income Other	\$ 28,000	\$ 27,982 (15,295)	\$ (18) (15,295)	
TOTAL REVENUES	28,000	12,687	(15,313)	
EXPENDITURES: Capital improvements	127,500		127,500	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(99,500)	12,687	112,187	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Operating transfers in Operating transfers out	75,000	75,000 (14,109)	(14,109)	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	75,000	60,891	(14,109)	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES	\$ (24,500)	<u>\$ 73,578</u>	\$ 98,078	

CITY OF IRON MOUNTAIN

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL WATER UTILITY FUND

	Dudgat	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	
	Budget	Actual	(Chiavorabio)	
REVENUES:				
Metered sales	\$ 1,340,400	\$ 1,356,208	\$ 15,808	
Water service	25,500	23,944	(1,556)	
Interest income	46,600	82,020	35,420	
Other revenues	6,600	6,185	(415)	
Contributions in aid of construction		138,580	138,580	
TOTAL REVENUES	1,419,100	1,606,937	187,837	
EXPENDITURES:				
Production	101,125	68,023	33,102	
Distribution	306,250	237,674	68,576	
Administration	298,527	283,746	14,781	
Collection	121,150	96,002	25,148	
Debt service	210,915	212,849	(1,934)	
Other services and charges	97,330	97,330		
Depreciation	185,000	176,185	8,815	
Transfers out	75,000	75,000		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,395,297	1,246,809	148,488	
EXESSS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	\$ 23,803	\$ 360,128	\$ 39,349	
MEMO ONLY:				
Capital expenditures	\$ 435,842	\$ 251,654	\$ 184,188	
Debt principal	\$ 90,000	\$ 90,000	\$ -	

CITY OF IRON MOUNTAIN

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL SEWER FUND

	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	
REVENUES:				
Sewer service	\$ 198,000	\$ 307,831	\$ 109,831	
Permits	2,000	160	(1,840)	
Interest income	500	-	(500)	
Other revenues	16,000	411	(15,589)	
Contributions in aid of construction	-	171,701	171,701	
Federal/State grants	10,000		(10,000)	
TOTAL REVENUES	226,500	480,103	253,603	
EXPENDITURES:				
Maintenance/ Distribution	168,430	112,084	56,346	
Depreciation	3,500	9,444	(5,944)	
Other expenses	10,692	11,554	(862)	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	182,622	133,082	49,540	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	\$ 43,878	\$ 347,021	\$ 204,063	
MEMO ONLY:				
Capital expenditures	\$ 107,500	\$ 205,226	\$ (97,726)	

ANDERSON, TACKMAN CERTHED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

CITY OF IRON MOUNTAIN

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL MOTOR VEHICLE & EQUIPMENT FUND

	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	
REVENUES:				
Rent	\$ 478,313	\$ 569,993	\$ 91,680	
Other revenues	2,500	17,821	15,321	
Interest earnings	-	265	265	
Transfers in	100,000	100,000		
TOTAL REVENUES	580,813	688,079	107,266	
EXPENDITURES:				
Operations and maintenance	517,077	523,021	(5,944)	
Debt service	26,243	24,677	1,566	
Depreciation	156,000	144,722	11,278	
Other expenses	16,468		16,468	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	715,788	692,420	23,368	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES				
OVER EXPENDITURÉS	<u>\$ (134,975)</u>	\$ (4,341)	\$ 83,898	
MEMO ONLY:				
Capital expenditures	\$ 62,300	\$ 8,284	<u>\$ 54,016</u>	
Debt principal	\$ 83,793	\$ 74,357	\$ 9,436	

OTHER REPORTS

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Members of the City Council City of Iron Mountain Iron Mountain, Michigan

We have audited the financial statements of City of Iron Mountain as of and for the year ended June 30, 2008, and have issued our report thereon dated December 4, 2008. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered City of Iron Mountain's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Iron Mountain's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Iron Mountain's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses as item 2008-1 and 2008-2 to be significant deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weakness. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be a material weakness, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Iron Mountain's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.



REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management and the Michigan Department of Treasury and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

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ANDERSON, TACKMAN & COMPANY, PLC Certified Public Accountants Iron Mountain, Michigan

December 4, 2008

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCIES

Finding 2008-1

Reportable Condition:

There is a lack of segregation of duties relative to preparation and posting of journal entries.

Criteria:

The Michigan Department of Treasury requires the City to have effective internal controls and accountability must be maintained for all funds. To ensure effectiveness of internal control, adequate procedures should exist among those who perform accounting procedures and internal control activities over the financial records of the City. Internal control procedures should be such that there is a reduced risk of error and misstatements would be prevented or detected timely.

Condition:

The City did not have any review procedures over the preparation and posting of journal entries.

Questioned Costs:

None

Effect:

With adequate and effective internal control policies and procedures, the risk of errors or misstatements would be prevented or timely detected.

Cause:

Lack of segregation of duties and/or compensating controls over journal entries.

Recommendation:

The City should adopt policies and procedures that would require all non-standard journal entries to be reviewed and approved by someone independent of the Chief Financial Officer.

Management's Response:

The City will implement a policy that would require all journal entries in excess of an established threshold, to be determined by the City Manager, to be reviewed and authorized.

ANDERSON, TACKMAN CERTIFED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

CITY OF IRON MOUNTAIN

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT - continued

SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCIES

Finding 2008-2

Reportable Condition:

The City did not have a formal fraud policy in place.

Criteria:

The Michigan Department of Treasury requires the City to have effective internal controls and accountability must be maintained for all funds. To ensure effectiveness of internal control, adequate procedures should exist among those who perform accounting procedures and internal control activities over the financial records of the City. Internal control procedures should be such that there is a reduced risk of error and misstatements would be prevented or detected timely.

Conditton:

The City did not have a formal fraud policy in place.

Questioned Costs:

None

Effect:

With adequate design and implementation of a formal fraud policy, there is a reduced risk of error or other intentional activities that could have a material affect on the financial statements.

Cause:

No implementation of a formal fraud policy.

Recommendation:

The City should adopt a formal fraud policy in accordance with the implementation guide included with the Statement of Auditing Standards No. 99.

Management's Response:

The City agrees with formally adopting a fraud policy as recommended.